CONSERVATION LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS SELECTION SYSTEM Massachusetts Self-Help Program

In order to distribute limited grant funds among an overwhelming number of applicants, a project selection system has been developed for conservation land acquisition projects. The selection system includes an interagency review and rating of each project, and an evaluation of the applicant community's commitment to sustainable development criteria developed by the Office for Commonwealth Development. The rating system considers demographic, social, environmental and project quality factors in order to identify those projects which best protect both natural resources and public passive outdoor recreation opportunities.

Interagency Review

The Executive Office of Environmental Affairs' Interagency Lands Committee (ILC) reviews conservation land acquisition project applications to ensure project coordination with state agency programs, executive orders and environmentally sound land use policies. The Committee consists of representatives from the Departments of Conservation and Recreation, Fish and Game, and Agricultural Resources, and can include other EOEA personnel. The ILC considers each project and its impact on the statewide conservation vision articulated in *An Open Space Plan for Massachusetts: A Partnership,* and *Massachusetts Outdoors 2000! – The Statewide Comprehensive Outdoor Recreation Plan* (SCORP). DCS coordinates the interagency review of all applications and submits all comments and recommendations to the Secretary of Environmental Affairs for final funding decisions.

In reviewing applications and developing their recommendations to the Director of Conservation Services, the ILC considers:

1. Demographics

Three categories are evaluated by DCS to calculate a community's demographic score. Communities with higher Population Density, lower Median Income, and higher Percentage of Households Below Poverty Level receive higher demographic scores. (Scores are calculated by DCS; therefore, there is no need to submit any statistics or narrative on your community's behalf.)

2. Community Profile Score

Environmental Justice Community – calculated by EOEA's EJ Director.

Commonwealth Capital Score – EOEA encourages land use decisions that protect environmental quality and preserve natural resources. Unplanned growth not only threatens the environment, it also can adversely affect the timely provision of needed infrastructure, and has a tremendous fiscal impact on communities. This impact, in turn, puts future economic opportunities at risk. The Office for Commonwealth Development has developed sustainable development criteria and will evaluate and score each applicant community. Please submit a Commonwealth Capital Application for your community, available online at http://www.mass.gov/ocd/comcap.html, to obtain your score.

3. Project Quality

- Water Resources: frontage on the ocean or estuarine habitats; frontage on lakes, ponds, rivers; recreational utility, and protection of drinking water supplies;
- Green Infrastructure: size of the acquisition and its proximity to other protected open space;
- Multiple Uses: purpose for acquisition, in addition to public passive recreation;
- Biodiversity and Resource Protection: subject property contains resources identified by Massachusetts Outdoors 2000!, the
 Statewide Comprehensive Outdoor Recreation Plan, the Natural Heritage and Endangered Species program, Massachusetts
 Historical Commission, or Areas of Critical Environmental Concern. Applicants must include written comments from any of
 the following state agencies: the Massachusetts Natural Heritage Program Office, or the Massachusetts Historical
 Commission, or ACEC program as appropriate.
- Consistency with local Open Space and Recreation Plan and Massachusetts Outdoors 2000!.

4. Partnerships

EOEA, like any other open space protection agency or organization, must have other financial partners. Projects that involve financial contribution from more than one municipality, or from a nonprofit organization will be given higher consideration. Projects that obtain technical assistance from other organizations will also benefit in the rating system.

SELECTION NOTE: Preservation of Agricultural Land

Executive Order #193 discourages the irreversible conversion of the Commonwealth's productive agricultural land base. State Grants shall not be used to encourage the irreversible conversion of agricultural land to other uses when feasible alternatives are available. In the event that all feasible alternatives have been explored, and the conversion of suitable agricultural lands to non-agricultural use remains the only feasible alternative to protection of open space, a mitigation plan must be developed to be eligible for reimbursement under a state grant. Project which would convert any prime agricultural lands should consult with the Department Agricultural Resources at (617) 626-1700 prior to submitting an application.

RATING SYSTEM for Conservation Acquisition Projects

CATEGORY	SUB-CATEGORY	Description		Partial Points	Max	
DEMOGRAPHICS	Population Density	Figures obtained from MISER and put into rank order by DCS		1 through 4	5	
	Median Income	Figures obtained from MISER and put into rank order by DCS		1 through 4	5	
	Percentage of Households below Poverty Level	Figures obtained from MISER and put into rank order by DCS		1 through 4 5	5	
COMMUNITY PROFILE SCORE	Environmental Justice Community	Calculated by EOEA's Environmental Justice Director		1 through 4	5	
	Sustainable	Criteria developed by Office for Commonwealth Development		1 through 29	30	
	Development	and required for all "Commonwealth Capital" grant programs. Open Space and Recreation Plan, Housing Compliance, and Local Funding Initiatives among other criteria are considered (see				
	Criteria -					
	Commonwealth					
	Capital Score	http://www.mass.gov/ocd/comcap.html for details).				
PROJECT QUALITY	Water Resources	Frontage on ocean, or estuarine habitat. Lake, pond, major river, water supply (surface or ground) i.e. Zone II or reservoir, regionally important wetlands (DEM 1978), cold water fishery stream		15	15	
				10		
		Secondary river or stream with recreation potential, frontage on small streams, small wetlands		5		
	Green Infrastructure	250+ acres of upland forest, wetland or water resources that create a hub or corridor of permanently protected land; expansion of existing hub or corridor (including those protected by APR or CR)		15 10 points	15	
			of between 100 - 249 acres that 1.) link to other ands or 2.) are within a Critical Ecosystem			
		Acquisitions of less than 100 acr 97 lands or 2.) are within a Critic		5 points		
	Multiple Uses	Water Supply Protection	Wildlife Habitat	4+ uses 5 pts	5	
		Agricultural Use	Forest Management	3 uses - 4 pts		
		Passive Recreation Historic or Archeological Interp	Environmental Education retation	2 uses - 2 pts 1 use - 0 pts		
	Biodiversity and Resource Protection	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		5	5	
				3		
	Consistency with local Open Space and Recreation Plan and Massachusetts Outdoors 2000!	Points awarded based project's priority in the local Open Space and Recreation Plan, and <i>Massachusetts Outdoors 2000!</i> Chapter 5: The Regional Perspective, "Inferred Need for New Recreational Areas" http://www.mass.gov/envir/dcs/global/publications.htm.		1-6	6	
PARTNERSHIPS	Cooperative Effort	ooperative Effort Other Sources of Funding from another Municipality or etween Municipality Nonprofit Organization *Management Plan: Technical Assistance and Signature on plan		4	4	
	and one or more Partner(s)			2		
TOTAL					100	